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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/943,941 08/31/2001 Thomas Joseph Prorock RPS920010141US1 2053 **EXAMINER** 45503 7590 10/12/2004 **DILLON & YUDELL LLP** CARLSON, JEFFREY D 8911 N. CAPITAL OF TEXAS HWY., ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER **SUITE 2110** AUSTIN, TX 78759 3622

DATE MAILED: 10/12/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/943,941	PROROCK, THOMAS JOSERH
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jeffrey D. Carlson	3622
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day, will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 July 2004</u> .		
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 9-14 is/are pending in the approach 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 9-14 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) B) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te atent Application (PTO-152)

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to the paper(s) filed 7/1/04.

Claim Objections

- 2. Claims 2 and 11 are objected to because of the following informalities:
 - Claim 2 line 9, claim 11 line 9, --to—should be inserted after "related" for clarity.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-4, 9-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sloane (US5918211) in view of Harms et al (US6070147).
- 5. Regarding claims 1, 2, 10, 11, Sloane teaches a handheld scanner which is used to scan a user's card to determine the users identity [3:32-41]. This is sent wirelessly to a remote host which looks up and transmits the user's account information to the display on the scanner. The scanner provides the status of the user's account such as available discounts, *credits*, rewards, etc stored in their account [9:5-20]. The scanner provides a running total and information regarding the current purchases as well as

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year-to-date savings [3:65-66]. As the user scans products throughout the store, the scanner will identify the products and their prices and will alert the user when a certain product is eligible for a promotion [3:12-23]. The customer is also alerted at the scanner device to available discounts, credits, rewards or promotions [3:39-41]. The user can use the scanner buttons to add the product to his current product total [6:21-28]. The user can also display the current running balance on the products purchased [6:36-38]. Harms et al teaches the idea of accruing points by shopping and getting an award at a particular plateau for the loyalty point balance [fig 8a]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention for the host to have kept a running total of the loyalty points earned during the shopping trip and combined them with the credits previously earned so that the user is made aware of his current running loyalty balance much like Sloane's desire for notification of updated current+stored purchase information. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to have let the users know the plateau values (and optionally their current shortage), so that they are encouraged to make purchases in order to achieve the plateau. Such information (current balance and plateau value(s) and optionally their shortage) serves to alert the users when they are within various thresholds/ranges from the predetermined plateaus as well as when they have reached the plateau.

6. Regarding claims 3, 4, 12, 13, Sloane teaches that the user can press a button to confirm the purchase of a scanned product [6:26-28]. The host cannot provide updated real-time balances (purchases, purchase amounts, loyalty balances) until the host is

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made aware of the current scanned purchase which does not occur until the user confirms the purchase.

7. Regarding claims 9, 14, the device is portable.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant argues differences between Sloane and Harms et al. First - that Harms et al is not really directed to the idea of accruing points by shopping and getting an award, but rather collecting consumer information for marketing purposes. Clearly Harms et al's teaches earning points by shopping and earning rewards at various point level plateaus. What Harms et al chooses to do with collected information is not terribly relevant to the rejection proposed. Second – that Harms et al does not influence purchases at the point of purchase. This is clearly taught by the base reference, Sloane which is modified by Harms et al; Harms et al need not include such a feature. Lastly, Sloane and Harms et al use different types of cards to identify the user. Nothing regarding any card is required by the claims and any difference between the cards proposed have no particular bearing on the proposed rejection. The two references are strongly related to applicant's field of endeavor and are suitable for a 103 combination.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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Stevens (US6327570) [col 18] teaches a portable communications device that keeps track of the shopper's loyalty point balances and purchases by sending and receiving real-time updates to a host. The unit also alerts the user when they earn particular rewards.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey D. Carlson whose telephone number is 703-308-3402. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30-6p, (off on alternate Fridays).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Stamber can be reached on 703-305-8469. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeffrey D. Carlson Primary Examiner Art Unit 3622

jdc